



M.S.KENNEDY CORP.

**RAD HARD ULTRA LOW  
DROPOUT ADJUSTABLE  
POSITIVE LINEAR REGULATOR**

**5800RH**

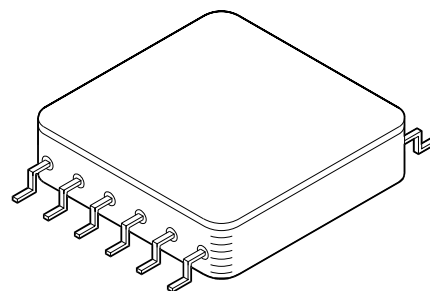
4707 Dey Road Liverpool, N.Y. 13088

(315) 701-6751

**FEATURES:**



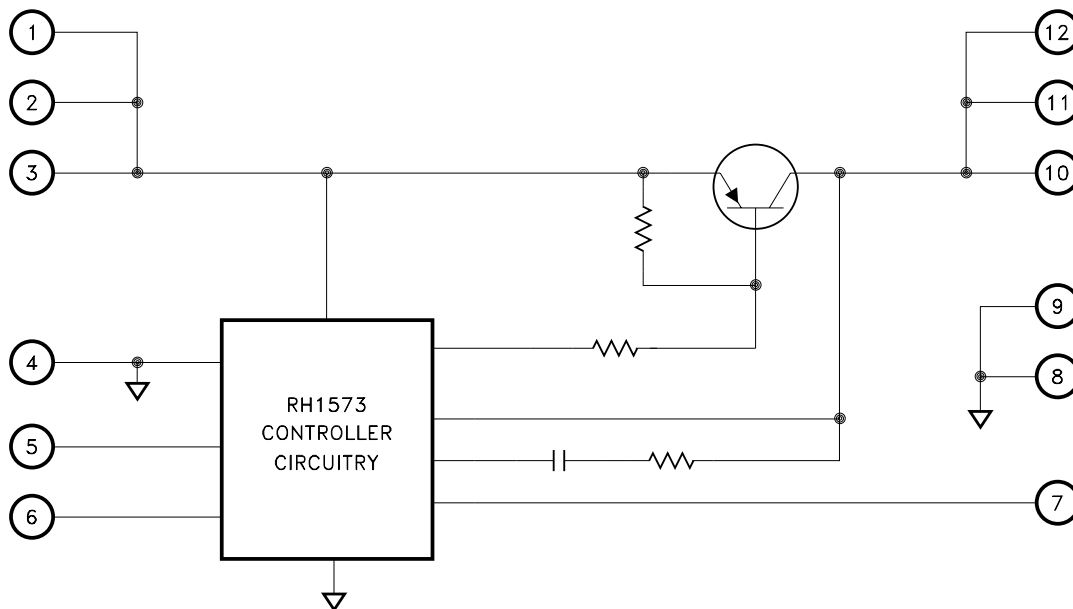
- Manufactured using Space Qualified RH1573 Die
- New "Harder" Version of MSK 5900RH
- Total Dose Tested to 450K RAD (Method 1019.7 Condition A)
- Ultra Low Dropout for Reduced Power Consumption
- External Shutdown/Reset Function
- Latching Overload Protection
- Adjustable Output Using Two External Resistors
- Output Current Limit
- Surface Mount Package
- Available to DSCC SMD 5962F09216
- ELDRS Tested to 100 Krads(Si) (Method 1019.7 Condition D)



**DESCRIPTION:**

The MSK 5800RH is a rad hard adjustable linear regulator capable of delivering 4.0 amps of output current. Typical dropout is only 0.30 volts with a 1.5 amp load. An external shutdown/reset function is ideal for power supply sequencing. This device also has latching overload protection that requires no external current sense resistor. The MSK 5800RH is specifically designed for many space/satellite applications. The device is packaged in a hermetically sealed 12 pin flatpack that is lead formed for surface mount applications.

**EQUIVALENT SCHEMATIC**



**TYPICAL APPLICATIONS**

- Satellite System Power Supplies
- Switching Power Supply Post Regulators
- Constant Voltage/Current Regulators
- Microprocessor Power Supplies

**PIN-OUT INFORMATION**

1 VIN A	12 VOUT A
2 VIN B	11 VOUT B
3 VIN C	10 VOUT C
4 GND 1	9 GND 2
5 Latch	8 GND 2
6 Shutdown	7 FB

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## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS <sup>⑨</sup>

+ V <sub>IN</sub>	Supply Voltage . . . . .	+ 10V	T <sub>ST</sub>	Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to + 150°C
I <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Current <sup>⑦</sup> . . . . .	4A	T <sub>LD</sub>	Lead Temperature Range . . . . .	300°C
T <sub>C</sub>	Case Operating Temperature Range			(10 Seconds)	
	MSK5800RH K/H/E . . . . .	-55°C to + 125°C	P <sub>D</sub>	Power Dissipation . . . . .	See SOA Curve
	MSK5800RH . . . . .	-40°C to + 85°C	T <sub>C</sub>	Junction Temperature . . . . .	150°C

## ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Parameter	Test Conditions <sup>① ⑩</sup>	Group A Subgroup	MSK5800K/H/E			MSK5800			Units
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Input Voltage Range <sup>② ⑧</sup>	10mA ≤ I <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ 1.0A	1	2.9	-	7.5	2.9	-	7.5	V
		2,3	2.9	-	7.5	-	-	-	V
Feedback Voltage	10mA ≤ I <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ 1.0A R <sub>1</sub> = 187Ω	1	1.225	1.265	1.305	1.202	1.265	1.328	V
		2,3	1.225	-	1.305	-	-	-	V
		1	1.225	-	1.305	1.202	-	1.328	V
		1	1.225	-	1.310	1.202	-	1.328	V
Feedback Pin Current <sup>②</sup>	V <sub>FB</sub> = 1.265V 10mA ≤ I <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ 1.0A	1,2,3	0	-	5.0	0	-	5.0	μA
Quiescent Current	V <sub>IN</sub> = 7.5V	1	-	14	20	-	14	20	mA
	Not Including I <sub>OUT</sub>	2,3	-	14	20	-	-	-	mA
Line Regulation	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 10mA 2.9V ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ 7.5V	1	-	±0.01	±0.50	-	0.01	±0.60	%V <sub>OUT</sub>
	R <sub>1</sub> = 187Ω	2,3	-	-	±0.50	-	-	-	%V <sub>OUT</sub>
Load Regulation	10mA ≤ I <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ 1.0A	1	-	±0.06	±0.80	-	0.06	±1.0	%V <sub>OUT</sub>
		2,3	-	-	±0.80	-	-	-	%V <sub>OUT</sub>
Dropout Voltage	Delta FB = 1% I <sub>OUT</sub> = 1.0A	1	-	0.22	0.70	-	0.22	0.75	V
		2,3	-	0.26	0.70	-	-	-	V
Minimum Output Current <sup>②</sup>	2.9V ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ 7.5V	1	-	8	10	-	8	10	mA
	R <sub>1</sub> = 187Ω	2,3	-	9	10	-	-	-	mA
Output Voltage Range <sup>②</sup>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 7.5V	-	1.5	-	6.8	1.5	-	6.7	V
Output Current Limit <sup>⑦</sup>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 4.4V V <sub>OUT</sub> = 3.3V	1	1.5	1.75	2.0	1.3	1.75	2.2	A
		2,3	1.3	1.75	2.2	-	-	-	A
Shutdown Threshold	V <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ 0.2V (OFF)	1	1.0	1.3	1.6	1.0	1.3	1.6	V
	V <sub>OUT</sub> = Nominal (ON)	2,3	1.0	1.3	1.6	-	-	-	V
Shutdown Hysteresis	Difference between voltage threshold of V <sub>SDI</sub> (ON) and V <sub>SDI</sub> (OFF)	1	-	0.02	0.2	-	0.02	0.2	V
		2,3	-	0.03	0.2	-	-	-	V
Ripple Rejection <sup>②</sup>	f = 1KHz to 10KHz	4	20	-	-	20	-	-	dB
	10mA ≤ I <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ 1.0A 1.0V = V <sub>IN</sub> - V <sub>OUT</sub>	5,6	20	-	-	-	-	-	dB
Phase Margin <sup>②</sup>	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 450mA	4,5,6	30	70	-	30	70	-	degrees
Gain Margin <sup>②</sup>	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 450mA	4,5,6	10	18	-	10	18	-	dB
Equivalent Noise Voltage <sup>②</sup>	Referred to Feedback Pin	4,5,6	-	-	50	-	-	50	μV <sub>RMS</sub>
Thermal Resistance <sup>②</sup>	Junction to Case @ 125°C Output Device	-	-	6.9	7.5	-	6.9	7.8	°C/W

### NOTES:

- ① Unless otherwise specified, V<sub>IN</sub> = 5.0V, R<sub>1</sub> = 1.62K, V<sub>SHUTDOWN</sub> = 0V and I<sub>OUT</sub> = 10mA. See Figure 2, typical application circuit.
- ② Guaranteed by design but not tested. Typical parameters are representative of actual device performance but are for reference only.
- ③ Industrial grade and "E" suffix devices shall be tested to subgroups 1 and 4 unless otherwise requested.
- ④ Military grade devices ("H" suffix) shall be 100% tested to subgroups 1,2,3 and 4.
- ⑤ Subgroup 5 and 6 testing available upon request.
- ⑥ Subgroup 1,4 T<sub>C</sub> = + 25°C  
Subgroup 2,5 T<sub>C</sub> = + 125°C  
Subgroup 3,6 T<sub>A</sub> = -55°C
- ⑦ Output current limit is dependent upon the values of V<sub>IN</sub> and V<sub>OUT</sub>. See Figure 1 and typical performance curves.
- ⑧ Minimum V<sub>IN</sub> at -55°C and I<sub>OUT</sub> = 1.0A is 4.0V due to current limit circuitry.
- ⑨ Continuous operation at or above absolute maximum ratings may adversely effect the device performance and/or life cycle.
- ⑩ Pre and post irradiation limits, up to 300Krad TID, are identical unless otherwise specified.
- ⑪ Reference DSCC SMD 5962F09216 for electrical specification for devices purchased as such.

## PIN FUNCTIONS

**VIN A,B,C** - These pins provide power to all internal circuitry including bias, start-up, thermal limit and overcurrent latch. Input voltage range is 2.9V to 7.5V. All three pins must be connected for proper operation.

**GND1** - Internally connected to input ground, these pins should be connected externally by the user to the circuit ground and the GND2 pins.

**LATCH** - The MSK 5800RH LATCH pin is used for both current limit and thermal limit. A capacitor between the LATCH pin and ground sets a time out delay in the event of an over current or short circuit condition. The capacitor is charged to approximately 1.6V from a 7.2 $\mu$ A (nominal) current source. Exceeding the thermal limit charges the latch capacitor from a larger current source for a near instant shutdown. Once the latch capacitor is charged the device latches off until the latch is reset. Momentarily pull the LATCH pin low, toggle the shutdown pin high then low or cycle the power to reset the latch. Toggling the shutdown pin or cycling the power both disable the device during the reset operation (see SHUTDOWN pin description). Pulling the LATCH pin low immediately enables the device for as long as the LATCH pin is held low plus the time delay to re-charge the latch capacitor whether or not the fault has been corrected. Disable the latch feature by tying the LATCH pin low. With the LATCH pin held low the thermal limit feature is disabled and the current limit feature will force the output voltage to droop but remain active if excessive current is drawn.

**SHUTDOWN** - There are two functions to the SHUTDOWN pin. It may be used to disable the output voltage or to reset the LATCH pin. To activate the shutdown/reset functions the user must apply a voltage greater than 1.3V to the SHUTDOWN pin. The output voltage will turn on when the SHUTDOWN pin is pulled below the threshold voltage. If the SHUTDOWN pin is not used, it should be connected to ground.

**FB** - The FB pin is the inverting input of the internal error amplifier. The non-inverting input is connected to an internal 1.265V reference. This error amplifier controls the drive to the output transistor to force the FB pin to 1.265V. An external resistor divider is connected to the output, FB pin and ground to set the output voltage.

**GND2** - Internally connected to output ground, these pins should be connected externally by the user to the circuit ground and the GND1 pins.

**VOUT A,B,C** - These are the output pins for the device. All three pins must be connected for proper operation.

## POWER SUPPLY BYPASSING

To maximize transient response and minimize power supply transients it is recommended that a 33 $\mu$ F minimum tantalum capacitor is connected between VIN and ground. A 0.1 $\mu$ F ceramic capacitor should also be used for high frequency bypassing.

## OUTPUT CAPACITOR SELECTION

Output capacitors are required to maintain regulation and stability. A 220 $\mu$ F surface mount tantalum capacitor in parallel with a 0.1 $\mu$ F ceramic capacitor from the output to ground should suffice under most conditions. If the user finds that tighter voltage regulation is needed during output transients, more capacitance may be added. If more capacitance is added to the output, the bandwidth may suffer.

## START UP CURRENT

The MSK 5800RH sinks increased current during startup to bring up the output voltage. Reference the "Saturated Drive Current vs. Input Voltage" graph in the typical performance curves of this data sheet and the "Understanding Startup Surge Current With MS Kennedy's RH1573 Based Rad Hard LDO Regulators" application note in the application notes section of the MS Kennedy Web site for more information.

<http://www.mskennedy.com/>

## OVERCURRENT LATCH-OFF/LATCH PIN CAPACITOR SELECTION

As previously mentioned, the LATCH pin provides over current/output short circuit protection with a timed latch-off circuit. Reference the LATCH pin description note. The latch off time out is determined with an external capacitor connected from the LATCH pin to ground. The time-out period is equal to the time it takes to charge this external capacitor from 0V to 1.6V. The latch charging current is provided by an internal current source. This current is a function of input voltage and temperature (see latch charging current curve). For instance, at 25 $^{\circ}$ C, the latch charging current is 7.2 $\mu$ A at VIN= 3V and 8 $\mu$ A at VIN= 7V. In the latch-off mode, some additional current will be drawn from the input. This additional latching current is also a function of input voltage and temperature (see latching current curves).

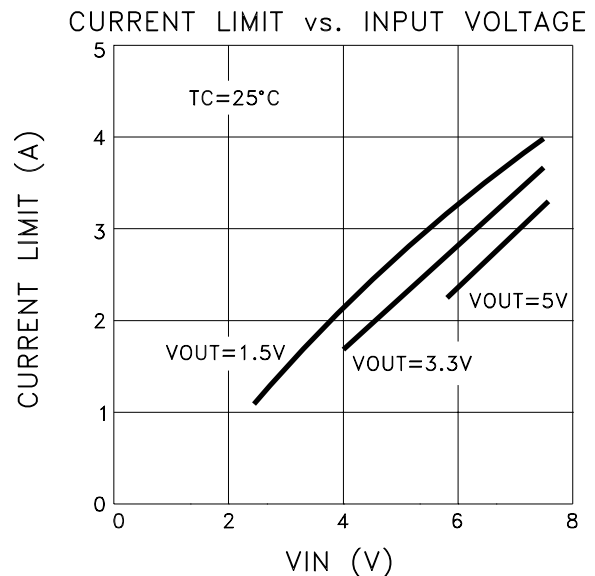


FIGURE 1

The MSK 5800RH current limit function is directly affected by the input and output voltages. Figure 1 illustrates the relationship between VIN and ICL for three output voltages.

## APPLICATION NOTES CONT.

### THERMAL LIMITING

The MSK 5800RH control circuitry has a thermal shut-down temperature of approximately 150°C. This thermal shut-down can be used as a protection feature, but for continuous operation, the junction temperature of the pass transistor must be maintained below 150°C. Proper heat sink selection is essential to maintain these conditions. Exceeding the thermal limit activates the latch feature of the MSK 5800RH. See LATCH pin description for instructions to reset the latch or disable the latch feature.

### HEAT SINK SELECTION

To select a heat sink for the MSK 5800RH, the following formula for convective heat flow may be used.

#### Governing Equation:

$$T_J = P_D \times (R_{\theta JC} + R_{\theta CS} + R_{\theta SA}) + T_A$$

Where

- T<sub>J</sub> = Junction Temperature
- P<sub>D</sub> = Total Power Dissipation
- R<sub>θJC</sub> = Junction to Case Thermal Resistance
- R<sub>θCS</sub> = Case to Heat Sink Thermal Resistance
- R<sub>θSA</sub> = Heat Sink to Ambient Thermal Resistance
- T<sub>A</sub> = Ambient Temperature

$$\text{Power Dissipation} = (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \times I_{OUT}$$

Next, the user must select a maximum junction temperature. The absolute maximum allowable junction temperature is 150°C. The equation may now be rearranged to solve for the required heat sink to ambient thermal resistance (R<sub>θSA</sub>).

#### Example:

An MSK 5800RH is connected for V<sub>IN</sub> = +5V and V<sub>OUT</sub> = +3.3V. I<sub>OUT</sub> is a continuous 1A DC level. The ambient temperature is +25°C. The maximum desired junction temperature is +125°C.

R<sub>θJC</sub> = 7.5°C/W and R<sub>θCS</sub> = 0.15°C/W for most thermal greases

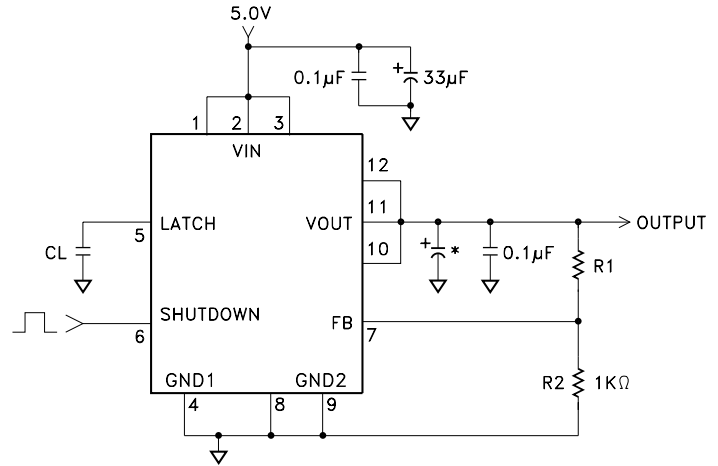
$$\text{Power Dissipation} = (5V - 3.3V) \times (1A) = 1.7 \text{ Watts}$$

Solve for R<sub>θSA</sub>:

$$R_{\theta SA} = \left[ \frac{125^\circ\text{C} - 25^\circ\text{C}}{1.7\text{W}} \right] - 7.5^\circ\text{C/W} - 0.15^\circ\text{C/W} = 51.2^\circ\text{C/W}$$

In this example, a heat sink with a thermal resistance of no more than 51°C/W must be used to maintain a junction temperature of no more than 125°C.

### TYPICAL APPLICATIONS CIRCUIT



\* 4 PIECES AVX PART NUMBER  
TAZH476K010C (CWR09F8476)

$$V_{OUT} = 1.265(1 + R1/R2)$$

### OUTPUT VOLTAGE SELECTION

As noted in the above typical applications circuit, the formula for output voltage selection is

$$V_{OUT} = 1.265 \left[ 1 + \frac{R1}{R2} \right]$$

A good starting point for this output voltage selection is to set R2 = 1K. By rearranging the formula it is simple to calculate the final R1 value.

$$R1 = R2 \left[ \frac{V_{OUT}}{1.265} - 1 \right]$$

Table 1 below lists some of the most probable resistor combinations based on industry standard usage.

TABLE 1

OUTPUT VOLTAGE (V)	R2 (Ω)	R1 (nearest 1%) (Ω)
1.5	1K	187
1.8	1K	422
2.0	1K	576
2.5	1K	976
2.8	1K	1.21K
3.3	1K	1.62K
4.0	1K	2.15K
5.0	1K	2.94K

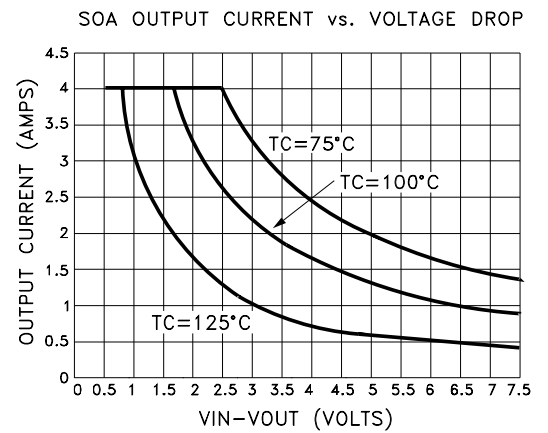
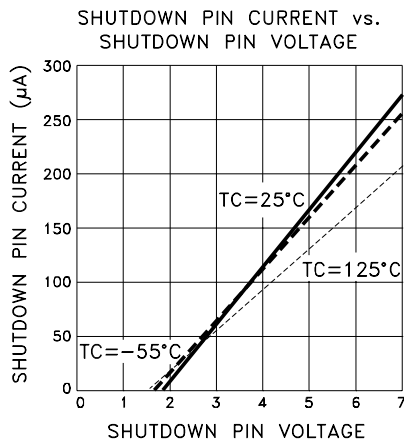
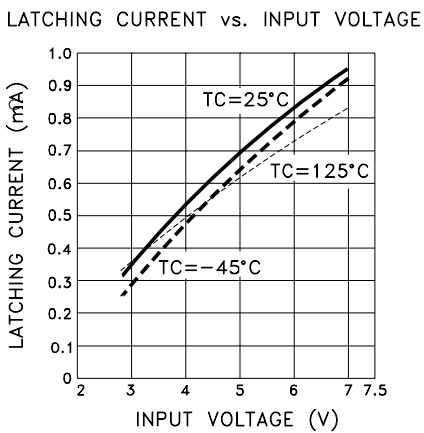
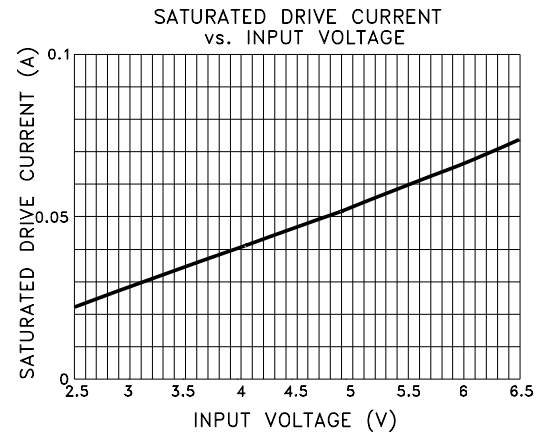
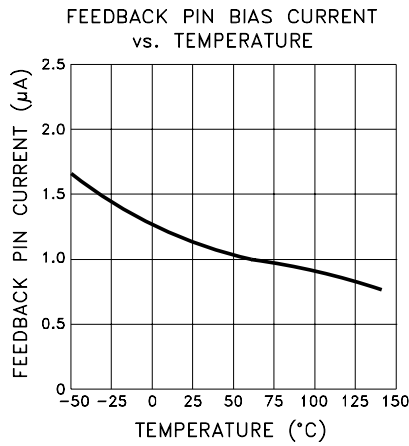
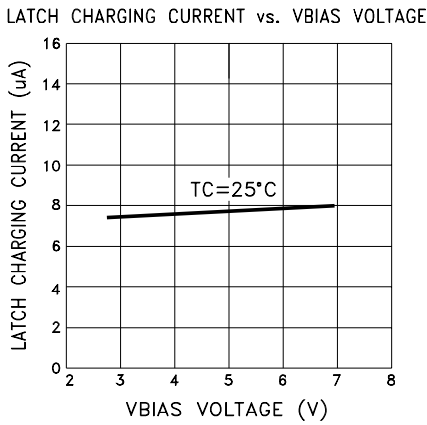
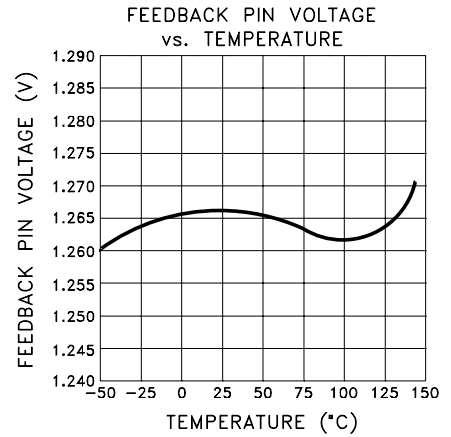
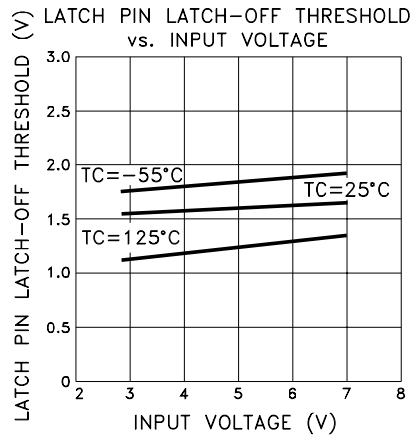
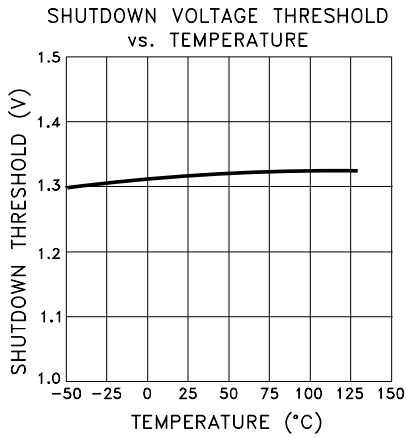
### TOTAL DOSE RADIATION TEST PERFORMANCE

Radiation performance curves for TID testing have been generated for all radiation testing performed by MS Kennedy. These curves show performance trends throughout the TID test process and can be located in the MSK 5810RH radiation test report. The complete radiation test report is available in the RAD HARD PRODUCTS section on the MSK website.

<http://www.mskennedy.com/store.asp?pid=9951&catid=19680>

Reference the MSK 5826RH RAD REPORT for ELDRS Results.

# TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES

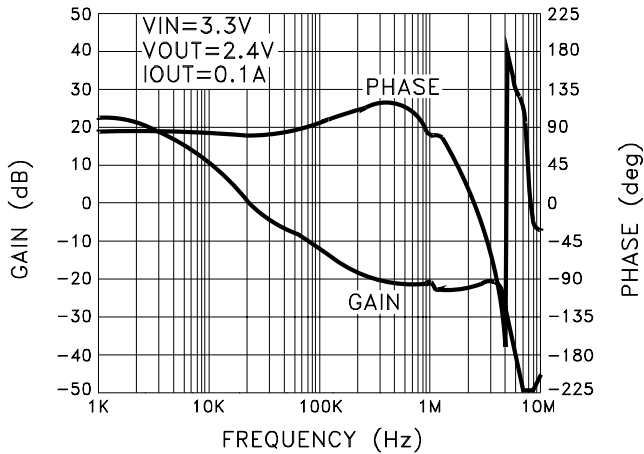


# TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES

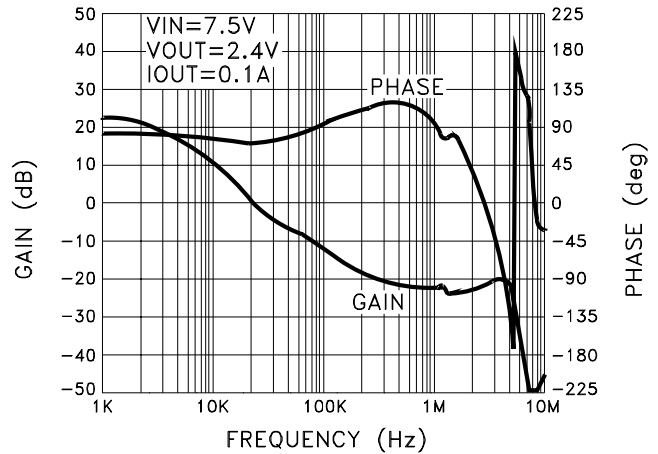
## GAIN AND PHASE RESPONSE

The gain and phase response curves are for the MSK5800RH typical application circuit and are representative of typical device performance, but are for reference only. The performance should be analyzed for each application to insure individual program requirements are met. External factors such as temperature, input and output voltages, capacitors, etc. all can be major contributors. Please consult factory for additional details.

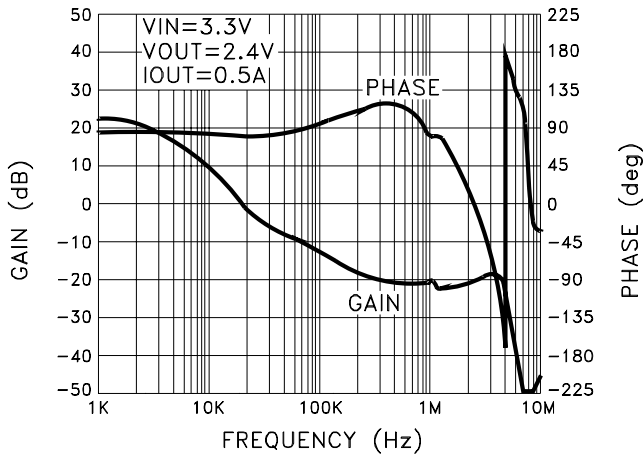
MSK5800RH GAIN AND PHASE vs. FREQUENCY



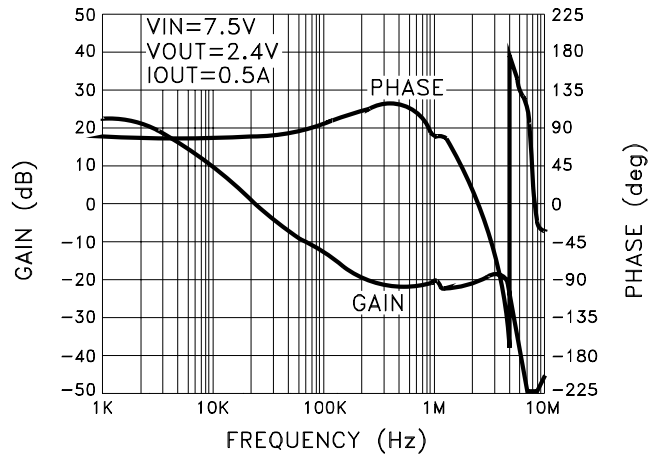
MSK5800RH GAIN AND PHASE vs. FREQUENCY



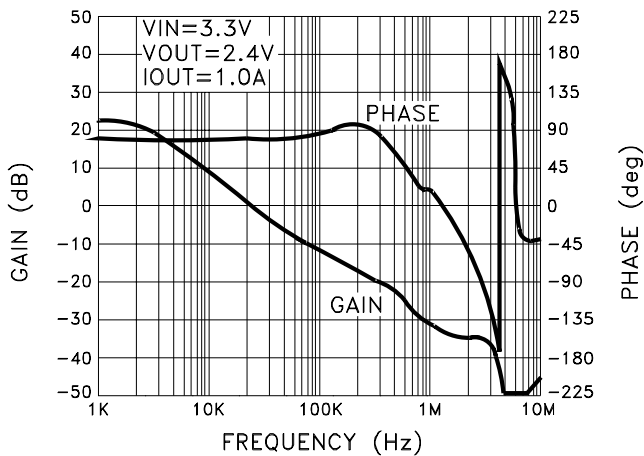
MSK5800RH GAIN AND PHASE vs. FREQUENCY



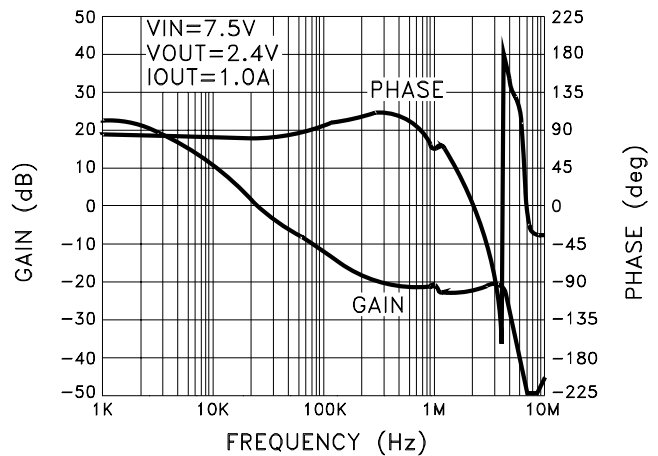
MSK5800RH GAIN AND PHASE vs. FREQUENCY



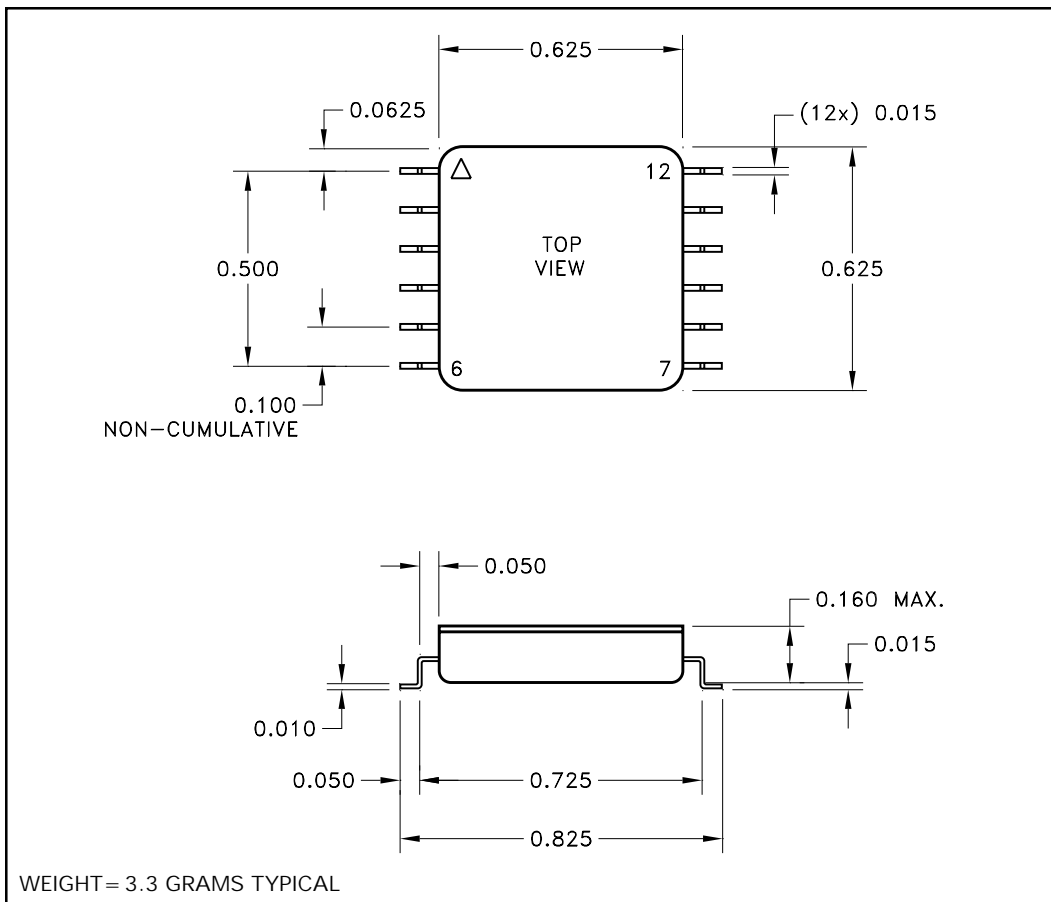
MSK5800RH GAIN AND PHASE vs. FREQUENCY



MSK5800RH GAIN AND PHASE vs. FREQUENCY



## MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS



ALL DIMENSIONS ARE  $\pm 0.010$  INCHES UNLESS OTHERWISE LABELED.  
ESD Triangle indicates pin 1.

## ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number	Screening Level
MSK5800RH	INDUSTRIAL
MSK5800ERH	EXTENDED RELIABILITY
MSK5800HRH	MIL-PRF-38534 CLASS H
MSK5800KRH	MIL-PRF-38534 CLASS K
DSCC SMD	5962F09216

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